TRYING TO HIDE VILLANY.

MR. CONKLING HAD TO FIGHT FOR A CHANCE TO SEE THE RETURNS.

TAMMANY'S BOARD BEGINS THE CANVASS OF THE CITY VOTE-A FLOOD OF PROTESTS AND CONTESTS OVER THE IST AND

IID ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS-REPUBLI-

The Board of Aldermen, acting as County Canvassers, began work on the city election returns yesterday at 10:30 a. m., Chairman McClellan presiding, with Deputy County Clerk Scully secretary. The chairman appointed Aldermen Wund, Flynn, Noonan, Brown and Long committee on contests, and Aldermen Ryder, Morgan, Saul, O'Brien and S. W. Smith a ittee on corrected returns. It was ordered that all protests must be made in writing.

Ex-Assemblyman Alfred R. Conkling appeared as special counsel for Republican protestants and as watcher for E. T. Bartlett, Republican candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals. Mr. Conkling proposed taking a position at the clerk's desk, where he could have no difficulty in observing what was going on and where he could see the figures, but this did not suit the Tammany Aldermen. They passed a resolution to remove all persons from the open space in front of the clerk's desk. This was plainly done with the purpose of driving Mr. Conkling from his point of vantage. He protested against this as a Tammany trick and a dastardly outrage, the object of which was patent.

The chairman refused to accord Mr. Conkling the privilege he asked. The refusal was looked upon as additional evidence that the board was determined to prevent interference, as far as it was able, with the flagrant rascality which produced the Tammany majorities returned from the districts of "Paddy" Divver, "Dry Dollar" Sullivan and others in various parts of the city. If all was fair and square in the vote Mr. Croker's henchmen would have nothing to fear from Mr. Conkling's presence.

When Mr. Conkling declared that he would go to the courts and get a mandamus compelling them to recognize his rights as counsel and a Republican watcher it was agreed that he should have access to the returns after they had been read, and the sheets were handed to him for his inspection.

PROTESTS BACKED UP BY AFFIDAVITS. Alderman Flynn read the returns from the Ist Assembly District. Mr. Conkling filed protests and notices of contests, which, under the rules adopted, were referred to the committee on contests, accompanied by affidavits from voters in the 1st District showing that many Republican ballots were boldly counted for the Democratic candidates.

Antonio C. Astarita, Republican candidate for Civil Justice in the IId Judicial District, asserted that gross frauds appeared in the returns of the election inspectors. He has the affidavits to prove that many hundred Italian voters placed his pasters on Democratic ballots, and

Barondess, the labor agitator, who was one of Gompers's watchers, says that the police refused to allow him to be present at the count. Protests were submitted by Charles La Maida, Republican candidate for Assembly in the VIIIth District, against counting the votes cast for Thomas J. O'Donnell, the Tammany candidate, the latter being ineligible because he is an employe of the Sheriff's office; against the counting of votes for Patrick J. Kerrigan, Tammany candidate for Assembly in the XIXth District, by E. R. Duffy, Kerrigan being a foreman in the Street Cleaning Department, and therefore ineligible, and against the eligibility of Patrick F. Trainor, Tammany candidate for Assembly in the XVIIth District, on the ground that he is an excise inspector. Abraham Gruber, Republican candidate for Senator in the XIIIth District, will file a similar protest against granting a certificate to Charles L. Guy, his Tammany opponent, because Guy is a law clerk in the Surrogate's office.

Mr. Conkling has evidence which will probably be used by the committee of the Bar Association in the prosecution of persons who have been guilty of election frauds. While the 1st District returns were being canvassed yesterday, Mr. Conkling sent up protests, mentioning particularly the Ninth and Twentieth election districts as false and fraudulent. He said that he would present affidavits fully substantiating his charges. The evidence may be used also before the Grand Jury to investigate the methods by which Tammany carried the city on November 7 by 67,000 majority.

The 1st and 1ld District canvass was finished yesterday. The board will begin on the IIId (Dry Dollar Sullivan's) this morning.

ONE MAN KNOCKED SENSELESS.

One instance of fraud and intimidation is re-corded in the following affidavit, which will form

part of the evidence to be submitted to the Special Multerry and Prince sta., I went to the polling-place to have some of my friends vote. I sent four of my friends to vote, and they were refused, being told that some of to voic, and stay were refused, the stay of the table was the polling-place, and asked the inspector why they would not receive my friends' votes, and they put me out of the place. A few minutes later, two men who were back in the polling-place, I saw fellowing me, and one of them struck me on the right eye with his clinched fat, upon which he had brass knuckles, felling me to the ground unconscious. Witness, Dr. Glucoppi Loporta, 22 PRANK NICHOLAS, 22 Spring-st.

WORKING TO SAVE THE WHITE CITY.

who has been in the city for some weeks engaged in organizing a movement to save the Fair buildings and inaugurate another Exposition next year, got a good start at his meeting held at the Grand Pacific Hotel the afternoon. About 100 men and women came in response to Mr. Caryl's invitation. Judge C. 1. Waite, of Hyde Park, declared the citizens of hat section were enthusiastic for

Secretary Quim, of the State Commissioners' As-sociation, announced that the "unanimous sentiment of the State Commissioners is that it would be a

of the State Commissioners is that it would be a piece of unparonable vandalism to destroy the White City."

Executive Commissioner A. B. Farquhar, of Pennsylvania, insisted that the buildings could be maintained for four o five years at a slight expense and be still more bautiful, and he hoped the movement would succed in its purpose.

After several their speeches favorable to the retention of the buildings were made, committees were appointed and the meeting adjourned.

The Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of the Weid's Fair this afternoon adopted Vice-President Fick's resolution asking the South Park Commissioners to allow the big buildings to stand for an islentite period. President High-botham sent a leter to President Donnersberger, of the South Park Commissioners, asking for another conference on the subject at the earliest convenient day.

The skeleton a Coles L'Hommedieu, who mysteriously disappeared two years ago has been found by some deer huiters in the woods between Lake Ronkonkoma and smithtown, L. I. It was identified by the teeth and saria of the clothing.

"Snip" Donovan for the murder of his stable companion and leng-time friend John Chew, at Monmouth Park, on Sunday morning, August 6 last, will open to-morrow morning, with Chief Justice Beasley presiding.

ROBBED OF \$21,000.

A RAHLROAD OFFICIAL IN CHICAGO SAND-

THE TREASURER OF THE INDIANA, ILLINOIS AND IOWA RAILROAD KNOCKED INSENSI-

BLE BY ROBBERS IN HIS OFFICE. Chicago, Nov. 15 .- John A. Drake, treasurer of was sandbagged and robbed of \$21,000 in the office of the company on the ninth floor of the Rookery Building at 7 o'clock to-day. Drake had the money in a little hand-satchel, and was preparing to go out on the road to pay the employes. He had just placed the cash in the valise, and was about to leave the office, when two men stole up behind him and felled him to the floor by several hard blows on the head. The treasurer was knocked insensible, and ere ne could move a finger in de-fence the thieves tore the satchel from nand and rushed out of the office, slamming the door as they went. They rode down in an ele vator unconcernedly and made their escape.

The money taken represented the semi-monthly pay-roll of the company. Mr. Drake intended to take the 7:30 o'clock train on the Nickel Plate for Knox, Ind., the Eastern terminus of the "Three I's," from which point he has been in the habit of working to the Western terminus at Streator Ill., with his pay-car. It had been the custom of the company to pay its employes in checks payable to bearer at the banks on the line, and afterward a change was made to part checks and part cash. But it was suspected that "dummies" were on the pay-roll, and a change to paying in currency led to the discovery of two "dummy" employes. custom of paying only in cash had been in vogue about two months, and this fact must have well known to the robbers. They were also familiar with the treasurer's movements at the time h started out of Chicago on his pay trip. He drew the amount of the pay-roll from the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank yesterday afternoon, and made up the \$21,000 in envelopes for distribution to each employe. These envelopes were placed in the safe for the night, and nothing was disturbed when Mr. Drake came to the office a little before o'clock. He walked up the nine flights of stairs, as the elevators were not running, and had ar ranged with T. P. Shouts, general manager of the road, who is a son-in-law of President Drake to meet him below. The two officials intended going together on the pay trip, but Mr. Shouts went alone, and the first explanation he received as to his brother-in-law's absence was a telegram notifying him of the robbery.

Mr. Drake says he had just put the money packages in a handbag and was stepping from the vault when he was seized with a vise-like grip sideways round the body, and while his arms were pinioned by one robber, the second robber dealt slungshot. As he staggered the robber who held the face twice with his fist. At the same time the robber with the slungshot hit Drake again over the forehead, felling him to the floor unconscious. The robbers then abstracted the package of money and, placing the satchel on a chair just outside the vault, walked downstairs without being met by any one. Nothing has been seen of them since thing. Drake left the office door unlocked when he entered and the key on the outside, which Chief Inspector Shea thinks was a "very careless act, to say the least." Recovering consciousness, the treasurer crawled to the office door, which is next to the one in which the vault is built, and sat on the placed his pasters on Democratic ballots, and that every one of these was counted as a straight Democratic ballot.

A protest was filed from Samuel Gompers, candidate for Constitutional Convention on all except the Democratic ticket, and he presented a notice of contest. He alleges that no attention was paid to his pasters, and his votes were counted for his Democratic opponent. Besides, separate returns were made of his were counted for his Democratic opponent. Besides, separate returns were made of his science, as though there were several different men running named Samuel Gompers, and at 9 o'clock went to Police Headquarters, where the filed over twenty affidavits supporting his allegations. One of these, made by Joseph Barondess, the labor agitator, who was one of Gompers's watchers, says that the police refused to allow him to be present at the count, a reward will be offered.

The victim did not think he had been unconscious, but could not remember seeing the robbers shatch the money from his bag, and could only faintly describe the one who had used the slung shot. He waited in the office until his cierk came, and at 9 o'clock went to Police Headquarters, where he told the story to Inspector Shea. Then he went to the Plaza Hotel, where he lives. Word was sent to the Plaza Hotel, where he lives. Word was sent to his father, who lives at Centreville, Iowa, and brushed against one of the wagon wheels.

bank checks to duplicate the pay-roll, and the com-pany will not be embarrassed by the robbery.

"Drake was undoubtedly hit with some weapon said Inspector Shea, "as there is a discoloration of his forehead, and he was also hit in the nose. If his story is true the job was not done by profes-sionals, but by men intimately acquainted with the company's custom about paying its men."

Mr. Drake informed the Central Station as soo

as possible, and by 8 o'clock every detective that Inspector Shea could spare was put to work on the case. It was the most daring robbery that has occurred in Chicago in many years, happening, as in the city, right in the heart of the business dis trict. The early hour selected by the thieves is all that prevented their immediate capture.

Mr. Drake has been with the Indiana, Illinois

and Iowa Railroad ever since it was organized. He

MEN WHOM PEOPLE HONOR

DR. DAY CHOSEN FOR CHANCELLOR Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 15.—The Board of Trustees of Syracuse University to-day chose the Rev. Dr. James R. Day, pastor of Calvary Methodist Spiscopal Church, New-York, chancellor of the university, to succeed the Rev. Dr. Charles N. Sims, who

BISHOP SPALDING STARTS FOR ROME. Peoria, Ill., Nov. 15.—Bishop Spalding started at a late hour last night for Rome, where he will visit the Vatican. Before his departure the priests of the diocese, to the number of seventy, assembled at his home to bid him farewell. There was an elaborate banquet and many addresses were delivered. A purse of \$2,500 was presented to the bishop. He will be gone for a year.

A LIGHT BRIGADE SURVIVOR IN DISTRESS.

New-Orleans, Nov. 15.—Sergeant John Lavick, one of three survivors of the famous Six Hundred who made the charge at Balaciava, is in the city in a destitute condition and dying of consumption. He is trying to get enough money to go to San Antonio, Tex.

BEQUESTS FOR PUBLIC USES.

Boston, Nov. 15.—The will of ex-Alderman Alvah H. Burrage leaves \$10,000 to the New-England Hos-pital for Women, and \$5,000 for the Leominster (Mass.) Public Library. ATTORNEY-GENERAL PILLSBURY'S ILLNESS Boston, Nov. 15.—It was stated to-day at the home of Attorney-General Pillsbury, who has been confined to his house since Friday last, that he is suffering from the measles.

READY FOR THE ELECTRIC CANAL BOAT TEST. Rochester, Nov. 15 (Special).-Arrangements are motive power for canal boats, which is to be made on Saturday on the Eric Canal, east of Brighton. Power will be furnished from the wires of the Rochester Railway Company, which extend to Brighton. The boat is named the Ceres, and has been fitted with two large electric motors, furnished by the Westinghouse Company, of Pittsburg. Some of the wires strung along the canal were cut last night, probably by a discharged employe. The damage will be speedly repaired and guards stationed to prevent further interference with poles or wires. Governor Flower and a number of other State officials will be present at the test, and ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt, who is interested financially in one of the recently formed electric navigation companies, is also expected.

Saratoga, N. Y., Nov. 15.-T. F. Hamilton, attorney for Walter Jennery, Benjamin J. Goldsmith and others, has begun an action in the Supreme ler and seventeen others, heirs-at-law of the late Mrs. Alexander T. Stewart, and present owners of the Grand Union Hotel, this village, to recover \$25,000 for merchandise supplies furnished to James G. B. Woolworth, lessee of that property in 1891, which were left unpaid and unsecured. By his as-

signments Mr. Hamilton seeks to make the claims of these merchants a lien on the defendant's property by charging that by the terms of the lease to Mr. Woolworth they were co-partners with him in the management and prospective profits of the season. The lease provided that he should pay a specific rental of 50,000 and a further and contingent rental of one-half of the profits to accrue under the lease, the heirs to designate the bank of deposit and to have a private bookkeeper in charge of the accounts of the hotel. Mr. Hamilton expects to try the cause at the Saratoga Circuit in January.

HE KILLED HIS BABY BROTHER.

LITTLE BOY POINTS AN OLD GUN AT THE CHILD WITH FATAL RESULTS.

"Charlie" Wichmann, nineteen months old, the on of the hotel keeper, Henry Wichmann, of Flatbush, was shot with an old breech-loading rifle in the hands of his brother George, aged eleven years, at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and died at 10 o'clock last night. With their sister Annie, aged five years, the children were playing in the front parlor. The gun, standing up agains the wall in a corner of the room, was loaded with duck shot. George picked it up and playfully pointed the gun at his brother, when there was loud explosion. The charge entered the child's side, tearing open the stomach. Dr. Denseldorf of Parkville, attended the little ,one, but its life could not be saved.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY TO INVESTIGATE.

HE WILL LOOK INTO THE SUSPICIOUS CLECUM STANCES OF THE DEATH OF JAMES E. LITTLE.

District-Attorney Nicoll will to-day take up the case of J. E. Little, who, it is alleged, died from poisoning on Saturday, in this city. A statement was sworn to before Coroner McKenna yesterday by Dr. P. G. Decker, who declared that he at tended James E. Little at the home of his nephew, No. 340 West Seventeenth-st., and that e did not find any indications of poisoning. When the elder gentleman died on Saturday, the nephew, Leon M. Little, filed an affidavit, alleging that his uncle had been poisoned by the woman with whom

The body of Mr. Little was buried yesterday at Huntington, L. I. Contrary to the fears of the wife and friends of the dead man, his nephew did not interfere with the carrying out of the burial, as he had threatened to do. The talk on the streets among many men who were befriended by Captain Little and his wife has been extremely bitter against the conduct of the young nephew, and the chatges made by him against Mrs. Little were pronounced outrageous and false. The nephew caused a scene in the Long Island City station when the widow was returning with the remains of her husband. He tried to pull the coffin out of the car. It is said that young Little's evident desire to prove his uncle had been foully dealt with showed that he wanted to gain possession of his uncle's money and the cultivated farm on which Mr. Little and his wife resided. Huntington, L. I. Contrary to the fears of the

THE NAVAHOE BACK AGAIN.

SHE REACHED FORT MONROE YESTERDAY-HEAVY WEATHER FOR A WEEK

Fort Monroe, Va., Nov. 15 .- The yacht Navahoe, with Mr. and Mrs. Royal Pheips Carroll on board, arrived here this evening. Heavy weather was encountered during the past week.

RILLED BY AN ELEVATED ROAD ENGINE.

A CAR-COUPLER, THROWN FROM THE TRACK TO THE ROADWAY BELOW, MEETS INSTANT DEATH.

Jacob Baum, a car-coupler on the Elevated Rail-

TROUBLE IN THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

ING \$20,000 SUBSCRIPED TO AID STRIKERS.

day's session of the General Assembly, Knights of Labor, is somewhat of a problem. The Press Com-mittee say that only routine business was transacted, but it was asserted to-night that General Secretary Hayes this afternoon charged the General Executive Board, of which General Master Workman Powderly is chairman, with having appropriated \$30,000 to the use of the order instead of applying it to the relief of the Coeur d'Alene, Homestead and Tennessee mine strikers, for which purpose it is alleged to have been contributed. The statement could not be confirmed, so reticent were the delegates, but no positive denial was forthcoming. It is probable that the matter will again come ing. It is probable that the matter will again come

In his annual report to-day General Secretary Hayes recommends the reduction of the expense of the general officers in this city so that they will be more than fully covered by the legitimate revenues, and it is believed that this matter will be an issue of the session. The total salaries paid out last year, Mr. Hayes says, were \$25,467, and to provide for this outlay the order had only the provide for this outlay the order had only the items of per capita tax, supplies, charter fees, advertisements, and printing and subscriptions to "The Journal of the Knights of Labor." What will most probably arouse the delegates to action on this subject, however, will be this portion of the report. "It will be apparent that by continuing this heavy outlay the order will have no funds with which to engage in active field work, and without such work there is no longer a hope of the continuance of our organization."

Mr. Hayes had a balance on hand on June 30, last, the end of the fiscal year, or only \$425 30.

APPEAL FROM THE SIBERIAN FUGITIVES.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.-The ten arrested Russian convicts who examine vessels issued an appropriate by two whaling vessels issued an appeal to-day to the "Dear United States people," in which they detail what would become of them if they were returned to Siberia. They say they will be starved, loaded with chains and lashed until rivers of blood run on the ground. "It is so cold there," the appeal says, "that blood will freeze on the ground and look like red ice." It will then be their fate to work at night in the woods, car be their fate to work at high in the woods, carrying great trees. "If we don't walk fast and cut fast with axes," the statement continues, "they will flog us again. Then sores come, and in a few weeks we will die. While we are working and dying slowly, we will be starved because we have got away to your country. No man in Saghalieneats so much in seven days as one man in your prison eats in one day. Rather than go back to Russia, we would stay in your jalls."

MR. COCKRAN'S SECRET VISITS TO THE MAYOR It is known that Congressman W. Bourke Cock by Richard Croker, has been paying quiet visits to Mayor Gilroy in his private office in the City Hall this week, and the news has been heard with some surprise among Tammany politicians. Mayor Gil roy's sympathy for Mr. Cockran is well under stood in Wigwam circles, and it was said yester day that the interviews were for the purpose of considering the subject of Mr. Croker's treatment of Mr. Cockran, with plans of meeting it which may cause a stir shortly. Mr. Cockran took great care not to be seen in making these visits. He did not enter the Mayor's office by the usual public entrance, but came into the building by of Mr. Cockran, with plans of meeting it which public entrance, but came into the building by way of the basement, climbed the stairs at the west side, and was admitted through the 'private door opening into the passageway which connects the main with the private office of the Mayor. In this way he perhaps supposed that he had eluded observation. At one of these visits Corporation Counsel Clark was sent for and was present at the interview.

Mayor Gliroy said yesterday that Mr. Cockran's call was only a social one, and was without significance of any kind, political or otherwise. Mr. Cockran, he said, had been in the habit of using the private entrance during the time of the Mayor's predecessor, and he had probably come in that way without thinking that any peculiar construction was likely to be placed upon the circumstance. A Tammany leader, commenting last evening upon Mr. Cockran's subterrancan approach and secret confab with the Mayor, said:

"Til bet they were cooking up something they didn't want the boss to get onto. But he won't be long sizing it, you can just gamble!"

NO ONE KNOWS WHY HE CAME PRESIDENT CLEVELAND CALLED ON DR.

BRYANT YESTERDAY.

HE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY SECRETARY AND MRS. LAMONT, SAW "ERMINIE" IN THE EVENING, AND RETURNED TO WASHINGTON ON THE

President Cleveland made a flying trip to New-York yesterday. He came on from Washington Tuesday night, arrived in Jersey City at 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and left for Wash-

MIDNIGHT EXPRESS.

ington at midnight. The object of his visit is not known. Rumor made it appear that the President had come on to consult his physician, and perhaps to receive medical treatment. Developments of the day, however, would contradict all such

Accompanying the President were Secretary and Mrs. Lamont. On arriving here the party was driven to the Victoria Hotel. The President was assigned to his old suite of rooms on the first floor, facing Fifth-ave., and Secretary and Mrs. Lamont occupied rooms just above. party breakfasted in the President's apartments. At 10 o'clock Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Lamont drove away from the hotel. They went up Fifth-ave, to Thirty-sixth-st., turned west and stopped at No. 54, the home office of Dr. J. D. Bryant, Dr. Bryant is the President's physician as well as his warm personal friend. At Dr. Bryant's the President and his companion lunched. Shortly after 2 o'clock the President, Secretary Lamont and Dr. Bryant drove through Central Park. Dr. Bryant was left at his home on the return, and the President and Secretary Lamont were driven back to the Victoria. They arrived there at i o'clock. An hour later the President and Secretary Lamont again 1eft the hotel, again were driven up Fifth-ave. to Thirty-sixth-st., again turned west and again stopped at No.

This time, however, Mrs. Lamont accompanied them. The party dined at Dr. Bryant's, and at half-past 8 were driven to the Broadway Theatre, where they occupied a box. At the close of the performance the President and Secretary and Mrs. Lamont were driven to the Cortlandt-st. ferry, crossed the North River and took the midnight express on the Pennsylvania road for Washington.

LITTLE OF INTEREST IN THE VISIT.

In its details the visit of President Cleveland to New-York yesterday was altogether uninteresting. It was not the accustomed visit of a President of the United States to the metropolis. He came unannounced, and but for the body of newspaper men who saw him depart last evening, he would have gone unremarked; and everything about the visit said plainer than words that that is what he had hoped he might do. Of late, however, there has grown up here a morbid interest in the President's visits to this city, and his trips to and through New-York have been of so secret a character that a suspicion that all was not well with him now exists.

THE PRESIDENT NEVER LOCKED BETTER. To any one who saw the President yesterday go to and from his carriage, or to one who saw him last night at the theatre, there could be little doubt as to his present health. He never looked better. His face has lost the tan of Buzzard's Bay, and only a natural, healthy color appeared in his cheeks. His walk was even more spirited than when he passed through New-York last August to open Congress, and his face bore a positive smile all the day long. At the theatre there was no one who enjoyed "Erminie" more fully than he, ankle. The burglars escaped.

while the wit and wiles of Wilson caused him to shake with laughter.

The President's party occupied box D at the left of the stage. Above their seats hung the Nation's colors, and traped about the front of the box were the stars and stripes. The house was crowded. It had been announced in the evening papers that the President would spend the evening at the Broadway, and people were there to see him. The curtain had risen before the party had arrived. The house was dark, and their entrance to their box was almost unobserved. There was no demonstration.

Between the acts Controller Myers, who was in the audience, visited Box D and paid his re-

in the audience, visited Box D and paid his respects to the President. There were no other callers. At the close of the play there was some demonstration, but it was doubtful whether it was meant for the President or the

to nothing. He would not intimate for what he had come. The strictest orders were given at the office of the Victoria on his arrival concerning cards and callers. The President was to see no one, and notes were useless. The destination of his first drive increased the be-lief in the rumor that he had come for medical aid; but Dr. Bryant's words to a reporter who called at his office at 4 o'clock must put such an idea out of the question.

"Has Mr. Cleveland been with you to-day?"

"Of course he has been with me," he replied;
"why shouldn't he come to see me when he
comes to the city and has the time? Mr. Cleveland and I are very warm personal friends."
"But was his visit to you to-day that of a
friend or patient?"

friend or patient?" DR. BRYANT DENIES RUMORS

has been and the rumors that he is on here to

has been and the rumors that he is on here to have an operation performed, or to be treated, are all nonsense. They are worse than nonsense—they are criminal."

Physicians who have treated the President on former occasions were either out of town yesterday or had not seen the President up to the time of his going to the theatre. Friends of the President in Wall Street were in ignorance as to his visit. Ex-Secretary Whitney did not know that Mr. Cleveland was in town until 6 o'clock, and the President's other friends knew of his arrival only through the papers.

The most convincing proof, however, that the President's visit was simply a personal trip, and that he had not come here for physical aid, is the letter sent down to the newspaper men at the Victoria last evening by Secretary Lamont. The letter was in answer to a note addressed to him by the reporters, and is as follows:

The President came here on some private matters

which occupied him during the morning. He lunched with Dr. Eryant, drove in the park this afternoon, dineat Dr. Eryant's, and will return to Washington to-night and be at his desk to-morrow.

He is in good health, and stories of an operation are absolutely untrue and without a particle of foundation.

Dr. Beyant is on intimate personal friend. He hap-pens to be his physician when he needs one, and hence

te stories-which ought to subject their authors to riminal prosecution. They alarm the country and do

The President's visit yesterday may most safely be regarded as a well patient's "annual" to his physician.

TO PAY A VISIT TO GRAY GABLES. Buzzard's Bay, Mass., Nov. 15 .- During the pres ent period of quiet at Washington, President Cleveland is expected here on a flying visit to look over the additions and other improvements that are being made to Gray Gables, prior to its occupancy early next season.

A VICTORY FOR THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL. Niagara Falls, N. Y., Nov. 15,-Supreme Court Judge Green has vacated the injunctions obtained other than the Miller & Brundage Coach Co., en company the exclusive right to maintain backs on the prenaises of the railroad and sustains the validity of the contract between it and the New-York Central providing for such privileges, which the other backmen sought to set aside as being contrary to the law governing common carriers.

CRANKS TO THE FRONT AGAIN WAITING FOR THE STEAMER.

NE ARRESTED IN BOSTON IN THE OFFICE OF THE AMES ESTATE.

HE WANTED TO BORROW MONEY-IN HIS POCKET WAS A LETTER WRITTEN TO MISS GOULD.

Boston, Nov. 15.-Word was received by tele phone at Police Headquarters this morning that there was a young man in the offices of the Fred L. Ames estate, in the Ames Building, whose actions were suspicious. He had been ordered to leave the office, but he persistently refused to go. He had entered the office for the purpose of negotiating a loan. He could offer no security but his word of honor that he would liquidate any obligation he might assume, and, when informed that the security was not material or substantial enough, appeared angry. Then he changed his policy. He was poor, he said, and needed money to

"I am actually suffering for the necessities of life, and it is not right that I should be permitted to die of starvation. I am honest, and if you will trust me I am sure you will never

regret it."

This is what he said to a clerk in the office, This is what he said to a clerk in the office, and immediately the clerk felt uneasy, fearful that at any moment the caller might pull from beneath his overcoat a can loaded with dynamite or some other explosive. In every possible manner efforts were made to induce the visitor to leave the office, but all to no avail. He persisted in remaining, and as a last resort the police were summoned by telephone. An inspector was sent to the scene, and finally induced the young man to leave the building. At the main entrance he informed the officer that his rights as a citizen were being inthe main entrance he informed the officer that his rights as a citizen were being in-fringed upon, and he made the emphatic asser-tion that he would go no further. The officer then placed him under arrest and took him to

then placed him under arrest and took him to headquarters.

He said that he had been in Boston about three weeks, having arrived in this city from New-York. His home, he says, is in Chicago. Cards found in his possession give his address as No. 1,925 Warren-ave., that city. His name is Harry Loomis Spring. He was born and reared, he said, in Southern Illinois, in the town of Grayville. From Grayville, after living in Chicago for a while, he came East to pursue his studies as a divinity student, and for two years was at Tufts College.

A letter containing an avowal of love, abounding in passionate expressions and terms of endearment, was found in his possession. It was addressed to "Dear Helen." The letter, it afterward transpired, was intended for Miss Helen Gould, daughter of the late Jay Gould, and from its general tone, it was evident that he had addressed letters to her on more than one

further examination.

GENERAL RUSK'S CONDITION CRITICAL,

THE EX-SECRETARY GAINS NO STRENGTH-WHAT HIS PHYSICIAN SAYS.

Viroqua, Wis., Nov. 15 (Special).-The reports last night that ex-Secretary Rusk was growing weaker caused many anxious inquirles at his home to-day, and many messages were received. Ever since the operation was performed on General Rusk last week members of the family and physicians have been very reticent, and the only information given was that he was resting comfortably, but that he was not gaining strength as rapidly as was hoped. In response to an inquiry for more definite information to-night, Dr. Schreiner could only say there was no material change in his patient's condition. "If no serious complications arise for the next few days," he said, "I believe General Rusk will recover."

MURDER BY BURGLARS.

THOMAS PRUNTY KILLED AND HIS SON AND DAUGHTER WOUNDED.

Chicago, Nov. 15 .- Thomas Prunty was shot and house, No. 44 West Thirteenth-st. Two other members of his family were wounded. They are Sadle Prunty, shot in leg; Peter Prunty, wounded in

About 3:45 o'clock this morning Mrs. Prunty was About 3:45 o'clock this morning Mrs. Prunty was awakened by hearing two men moving about her bedroom. She aroused her husband who, jumping out of bed, confronted the intruders. One of the burglars fired, instantly killing Prunty. His wife's screams, together with the shooting brought other members of the family to the room. Peter Prunty and his sister Sadle hurried in from different directions. Their approach blocking the burglars' escape, the latter fired upon them, wounding the young man in the left ankle and his sister in the fleshy part of the leg above the knee. The burglars escaped before ald could be called and none of the family obtained a description of the desperadoes. During the morning two men, whose names the police will not give, were arrested on suspicion of being the murderers.

ACCIDENTS AND CRIMES.

Beaumont, Tex., Nov. 15.—A terrible bolier explosion occurred at Hooks Switch yesterday, demolishing the Hooks Lumber Company's mill. Three men were killed, and six severely injured. The killed are Joe Kirksey, Will Weiss and Bob McKinney, the last a colored man. The mill had just started after a shut-down of several weeks.

Burlington, Vt., Nov. 15.—John Jacobs, aged thirty, a lineman on the Consolidated Electric Company's road, was killed this morning by coming in contact with live wires. He fell from a pole on which he was working, his head striking on the payement, and being smashed to a jelly. A widow and two children survive him.

Pittsburg, Nov. 15.—Mabel Hipole, fifteen years old, daughter of Dr. W. H. H. Hipple, of Rebeccast. Allegheny, died last night from the effects of drinking about half an ounce of carbolic acid in mistake for medicine.

Enid, O. T., Nov. 15.—A courier brings the information that a whole family named Johnston, from Pike County, Mo., who settled near the Glass Mounains, thirty miles west of her, perished in the stormwhich raged in that part of the country on Saturday night. They were living under a wagon, with no means of protection from the storm. The howling of coyotes and gray wolves led to the discovery of the unfortunate family.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—The coroner's jury investigating the collision on the Rock Island road at Eggleston last Wednesday evening, by which twelve people were killed and thirty injured, returned a verdict this afternoon recommending that the conductor, flagman and collector of the suburban train be held for manislaughter, and censuring the Rock Island road for running trains so near together.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 15.—Charles Dimmick, treasurer of Brennan Post, G. A. R., at the Soldiers Home here, absconded recently with \$400 of the post's funds. Yester ay he was arrested in Kansas City and brought back. On the way he took a dose of morphine and last night he died.

a dose of morphine and last last decided.

Norway, Mich., Nov. 15.—V. Rochon, an eccentric old storekeeper at Wancedah, six miles from here, was robbed of \$5,700 by burgiars last night. The old mann was called to Iron Mountain yesterday by bogus telegrams, and some time in the night the safe in his store was blown open and rifled. Three persons have been arrested on suspicion, but so far no clew to the money has been found.

Battle Creek, Mich., Nov. 15.-After four hours' deliberation, the coroner's jury rendered the following verdict in the Grand Trunk inquest here

We find that the sail collision was caused by gross dis-obedience of orders given by the train dispatcher, and we also find that Conductor Bertram N. Scott and Engineer Harry Wooley, of train No. 6, are guilty of criminal negligence in running past their meeting point, at which they had positive orders to stop.

The Grand Trunk Company was exonerated from all blame in the calamity, the jury finding that it had furnished first-class cars and all the latest improvements for safety. Conductor Scott will have his hearing before Justice Henry to-day, on the charge of murder in the second degree.

Arkansas City, Kan., Nov. 15.—The Daltons have been heard from again, and it appears that they have descended to the level of common highwaymen. This evening E. Higginbotham, who arrived in this city from Blackwell, said that while coming to the city this morning he was halted by two armed men, who demanded his money. Higginbotham told them \$2 was all he had, and the highwaymen took \$1, with the remark: "There is nothing smail about us; you can keep the other dollar." Higginbotham recognized them as "Bill" Dulan and "Dynamite," two of the Dalton gang.

NO HAWAIIAN NEWS TO BE OBTAINED FROM

THE ADMINISTRATION.

SECRETARY GRESHAM AND MINISTER THURSTON BOTH SEND DISPATCHES TO HONOLULU-NEITHER WILL TALK ABOUT THE CASE.

ABY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, Nov. 15 .- The Administration's policy of maintaining rigid silence in regard to its programme of monarchical restoration in Hawaii has practically closed all outlets of news here about the situation in Honolulu, and until the arrival of the next steamer in San Francisco little additional light is likely to be thrown on this Government's attitude toward the Hawaiian authorities. President Cleveland's absence from the capital to-day discouraged all thought of any reversal of the Administration's determination not to make public "Para-

mount" Blount's report, and had necessarily a

quieting effect on speculation as to the next

turn in the present diplomatic tangle. The steamer that is scheduled to sail from San Francisco for Honolulu to-morrow will carry two packets of news from this city from widely different sources. One of these is from the Government of the United States to its Minister in Hawaii, and the other is from the Hawaiian Minister here to his own Government-if, indeed, he now has a government. The former packet was prepared yesterday, being carefully done up in cipher to be wired to San Francisco for transmission by steamer. It was addressed to Mr. Willis, and contained, it is confidently asserted, additional instructions in furtherance of the policy of Secretary Gresham's letter to the President published last Saturday.

The other packet was male up to-day by

The other packet was made up to-day by Minister Thurston, and contains, no doubt, all the information that he can gather from his position outside of the breastworks. He had a long talk with Secretary Gresham yesterday, in two sections, separated by the Cabinet meeting, and he must have received some information regarding the state of the case. It is understood that he was practically told by the Secretary that at present this Government recognized the Provisional Government of Hawaii as the existing power in the Islands, and Secretary that at present this Government of considering the Provisional Government of Hawaii as the existing power in the Islands, and Mr. Thurston as its diplomatic representative here. That at least was a grain of comfort, but the Secretary could do no less. Mr. Thurston bears credentials that have not been discredited from the power to which Mr. Willishas been sent as Minister. For this Government to do or say anything to Mr. Thurston to discredit his existing relations here would of itself, under the present circumstances, be an overt act.

or information from the Secretary during the interviews of yesterday he is keeping it strictly to himself, so far as the American public is concerned. In response to the inquiry of a reporter who called at his residence this morning Mr. Thurston sent out the following diplonatic message:
"I am extremely busy on my dispatches for o-morrow. There is nothing for publication

So that interview ended. None of the other members of the Legation was to be seen, and no State Department or other official could be got to talk on the Hawaiian complication.

GENERAL HARRISON RETICENT HE DECLINES TO DISCUSS THE HAWAIIAN

SITUATION. SURPRISED THAT CONGRESS DID NOT CALL FOR

THE CORRESPONDENCE. Indianapolis, Nov. 15 .- A United Press corre ent called on ex-President Harrison to-day at his home, in North Delaware-st., and asked him for an expression of his views on the Hawaiian contro-The ex-President looked in the best of health, and aside from the fractious tendency of

pondent's question he said;
"I hardly think that I care to say anything about that unfortunate Hawaiian affair. I fully realize that there is a desire to get my views on the matter, and I also fully appreciate your position, but I do not feel that it would be the proper thing for me to rush into print."

"Do you not think, General Harrison, that you could even discuss the affair as it related to your Ad-

ninistration?" was suggested.
"I do not see why that is necessary or wise," said the ex-President, as he pushed his hand over his gray head. "What I did is a matter of record, and why should I now resort to an explanation or a dissertation on my official acts? Of course, the move of the present Administration is directly opmove of the present Administration is directly opposed to anything that I did, but it has done nothing, in my opinion, which can be considered in the nature of a personal attack on me. Conceding that such were the case, however, I might even then decline to make answer. I don't like to discuss public matters in any phase. Congress took cognizance of all that was done, and my attitude toward the Provisional Government of Hawaii is well known.

"And you have no opinion whatever to express on the recent decision of the Cleveland Administration?"

"I repeat that it would not be wise for me to ex-

tilated. At that time the facts will all come out, and if there is anything to know the public will know it!

"I do not know," he continued, "that the full purport of the Government's intention has yet been made known. I was somewhat surprised, however, that the correspondence in relation to that affair was not asked for during the recent session of Congress. I watched the proceedings of that body closely, fully expecting that the Government would be called upon to produce this correspondence, including that which was had during my Administration, and which was turned over to my successor, but I suppose the matter was lost sight of by reason of the greater question then under consideration. This correspondence might throw some light on Hawalian affairs, but, as it is all in existence, it will speak for itself. No. I must decline to give an opinion on the controversy. Those who know my course in the past as regards that matter can, perhaps, imagine my feelings."

Throughout the Interview General Harrison was seemingly careful to avoid saying anything that could be construed as an opinion or criticism, but his position and feelings were plainly discernible. He was apparently much disappointed that the Hawalian correspondence had not been asked for by the recent sliver Congress, and it might be inferred from his deep concern in that regard that the correspondence referred to was being purposely withheid and that, if made public, it would seriously embarrass the Cleveland Administration.

MORE SHIPS ORDERED TO HONOLULU.

authority that as soon as the United States ships Ranger and Mohican, now at Mare Island Navy Yard, can be made ready for sea the Secretary of the Navy will order their commanders to proceed their arrival in Hawaii the United States ship Mohican will be made the flagship of the Pacific squadron, relieving the Philadelphia, which will immediately proceed to Mare Isiand Navy Yard. The ordering of the Ranger and Mohican to the relief of the Philadelphia is said to be due to the fact that President Cieveland desires to concentrate all available ships of the Pacific squadron in Hawaiian waters, and the combined crews of the Ranger and Mohican would enable the landing of a larger marine force than that of the Philadelphia. Naval officers here are extremely cautious in commenting on the present attitude of the Hawaiian affairs, yet they do not hesitate in predicting the concentration of a large United States Naval force at Honolulu, Rumor is current here that Minister Willis, in going to Honolulu, was the bearer of orders to Admiral Irwin from the Secretary of the Navy directing that in the event of the rejection of President Cleveland's ultimatum to the Provisional Government or any uprising. Admiral Irwin should dispatch the United States ship Adams to the United States with any special communication Minister Willis might require to send for the information of the Washington authorities.

San Francisco, Nov. 15 .- "The Examiner" (Dem.) and "The Chronicle" (Rep.) in leading editorials on the Hawaiian situation this morning, call for the President's impeachment. The former says: "For scorning to consult Congress and sending his herald to Honolulu to declare war between the United States and the recognized Government of the islands he should be impeached."

"The Chronicle" urges it because it states that

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 15.—The Mexican revolutionists, instead of attacking Ciudad Juares, as has been daily expected, have evaded the Federal troops from Chinuahua and Casa Grande, and have taken Ascension and Corralitos. The Americans who were ordered out of Ascension by the revolutionists are seeking safety at Deming, N. M. The Diaz Mormon colonists, located near Lake Palomas, just across the border, have been ordered to abandon their homes.